

## §0.62

of 1938, as amended; the act of August 1, 1956, 70 Stat. 899 (50 U.S.C. 851-857), including the determination in writing that the registration of any person coming within the purview of the act would not be in the interest of national security; and the Voorhis Act.

(c) Administration and enforcement of the Internal Security Act of 1950, as amended.

(d) Civil proceedings seeking exclusively equitable relief against laws, investigations or administrative actions designed to protect the national security (including without limitation personnel security programs and the foreign assets control program).

(e) Interpretation of Executive Order 10450 of April 27, 1953, as amended, and advising other departments and agencies in connection with the administration of the Federal employees security program, including the designation of organizations as required by the order; the interpretation of Executive Order 10501 of November 5, 1953, as amended, and of regulations issued thereunder in accordance with section 11 of that order; and the interpretation of Executive Order 10865 of February 20, 1960.

(f) Libels and civil penalty actions (including petitions for remission or mitigation of civil penalties and forfeitures, offers in compromise and related proceedings) arising out of violations of the Trading with the Enemy Act, the neutrality statutes and the Arms Export Control Act.

(g) Enforcement and administration of the provisions of 2 U.S.C. 441e relating to contributions by foreign nationals.

(h) Enforcement and administration of the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 219, relating to officers and employees of the United States acting as agents of foreign principals.

(i) Criminal matters arising under the Military Selective Service Act of 1967.

[Order No. 423-69, 34 FR 20388, Dec. 31, 1969, as amended by Order No. 451-71, 36 FR 1251, Jan. 27, 1971; Order No. 511-73, 38 FR 8152, Mar. 29, 1973; Order No. 673-76, 41 FR 54176, Dec. 13, 1976; Order No. 960-81, 46 FR 52345, Oct. 27, 1981]

## 28 CFR Ch. I (7-1-01 Edition)

### §0.62 Representative capacities.

The Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division shall:

(a) Be a member and serve as Chairman of the committee which represents the Department of Justice in the development and implementation of plans for exchanging visits between the Iron Curtain countries and the United States and have authority to designate an alternate to serve on such committee.

(b) Provide Department of Justice representation on the Interdepartmental Committee on Internal Security.

[Order No. 423-69, 34 FR 20388, Dec. 31, 1969, as amended by Order No. 511-73, 38 FR 8152, Mar. 29, 1973]

### §0.63 Delegation respecting admission and naturalization of certain aliens.

(a) The Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division and the Deputy Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, are each authorized to exercise the power and authority vested in the Attorney General by section 7 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, as amended, 50 U.S.C. 403h, with respect to entry of certain aliens into the United States for permanent residence.

(b) The Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division and the Deputy Assistant Attorneys General, Criminal Division, are each authorized to exercise the power and authority vested in the Attorney General by section 316(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1427(f), with respect to the naturalization of certain foreign intelligence sources.

[Order No. 1556-92, 57 FR 1643, Jan. 15, 1992]

### §0.64 Certifications under 18 U.S.C. 3503.

The Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division and his Deputy Assistant Attorney Generals are each authorized to exercise or perform the functions or duties conferred upon the Attorney General by section 3503 of title 18, United States Code, to certify that the legal proceeding, in which a motion to take testimony by deposition is made, is against a person who is believed to have participated in

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an organized criminal activity, where the subject matter of the case or proceeding in which the motion is sought is within the cognizance of the Criminal Division pursuant to §0.61.

[Order No. 452-71, 36 FR 2601, Feb. 9, 1971, as amended by Order No. 511-73, 38 FR 8152, Mar. 29, 1973]

### **§0.64-1 Central or Competent Authority under treaties and executive agreements on mutual assistance in criminal matters.**

The Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division shall have the authority and perform the functions of the "Central Authority" or "Competent Authority" (or like designation) under treaties and executive agreements between the United States of America and other countries on mutual assistance in criminal matters which designate the Attorney General or the Department of Justice as such authority. The Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, is authorized to redelegate this authority to the Deputy Assistant Attorneys General, Criminal Division, and to the Director and Deputy Directors of the Office of International Affairs, Criminal Division.

[Order 918-80, 45 FR 79758, Dec. 2, 1980, as amended by Order 1274-88, 53 FR 21997, June 13, 1988; Order 1906-94, 59 FR 41242, Aug. 11, 1994]

### **§0.64-2 Delegation respecting transfer of offenders to or from foreign countries.**

The Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division is authorized to exercise all of the power and authority vested in the Attorney General under section 4102 of title 18, U.S. Code, which has not been delegated to the Director of the Bureau of Prisons under 28 CFR 0.96b, including specifically the authority to find the transfer of offenders to or from a foreign country under a treaty as referred to in Public Law 95-144 appropriate or inappropriate. The Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division is authorized to redelegate this authority to his Deputy Assistant Attorneys General, the Director of the Office of Enforcement Operations, and the Senior Associate Director and As-

sociate Directors of the Office of Enforcement Operations.

[Order No. 872-80, 45 FR 6541, Jan. 29, 1980, as amended by Order 1265-88, 53 FR 10871, Apr. 4, 1988; Order No. 2147-98, 63 FR 20534, Apr. 27, 1998]

### **§0.64-3 Delegation respecting designation of certain Department of Agriculture employees (Tick Inspectors) to carry and use firearms.**

The Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division is authorized to exercise all the power and authority vested in the Attorney General under section 2274 of title 7, U.S. Code, concerning the designation of certain Department of Agriculture employees (Tick Inspectors) to carry and use firearms. This delegation includes the power and authority to issue, with the Department of Agriculture, joint rules and regulations pertaining to the carrying and use of such firearms, which would, when promulgated, supersede the existing regulations pertaining to the carrying and use of firearms by Tick Inspectors, promulgated by the Attorney General and contained in Attorney General's Order No. 1059-84. The Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division is authorized to redelegate all of this authority under section 2274 to his Deputy Assistant Attorneys General and appropriate Office Directors and Section Chiefs.

[Order No. 1064-84, 49 FR 35934, Sept. 13, 1984]

### **§0.64-4 Delegation respecting temporary transfers, in custody of certain prisoner-witnesses from a foreign country to the United States to testify in Federal or State criminal proceedings.**

The Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division is authorized to exercise all of the power and authority vested in the Attorney General under 18 U.S.C. 3508 which has not been delegated to the Director of the United States Marshals Service under 28 CFR 0.111a, including specifically the authority to determine whether and under what circumstances temporary transfer of a prisoner-witness to the United States is appropriate or inappropriate; to determine the point at which the witness should